# H-1series Industrial Turbidity meter **HU-200TB**



#### Overview

This instrument consists of the HU-200TB converter and the SS-120A flow-through type turbidity detector.

It uses a 90-degree light absorption-scattering method to accurately measure a wide range of turbidities from low turbidity to high turbidity.

Formazin, Kaolin or Polystyrene Latex (PSL) can be

selected as the standard turbidity agent.
The SS-120A detector of the HU-200TB industrial turbidity meter uses two LED light sources (660nm) and two photo detectors to cancel out fluctuations in light intensity and changes in the sensitivity of the detector, providing stable measurement of turbidity.

The electric wiper cleaning of the SS-120A detector

automatically cleans away any impurities on the inside of the cell that may hinder measurement.

#### Measurement Target

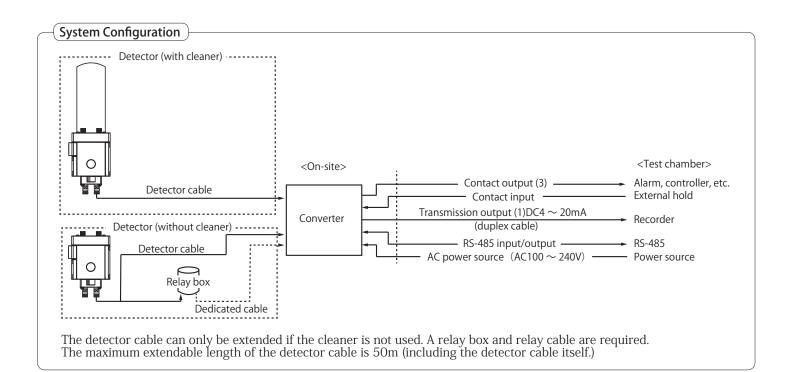
Turbidity in solutions

### Measuring Principle

90-degree light absorption-scattering method

#### Use

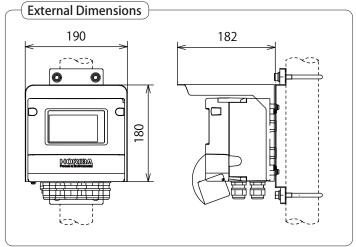
Control and monitoring of drain water processing and production

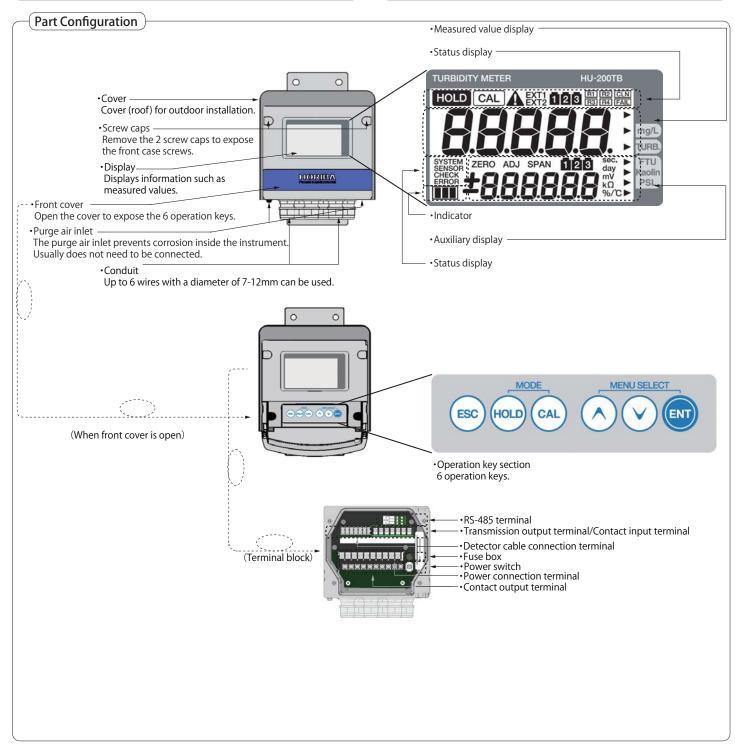


# **HU-200TB Turbidity meter(Overview-1)**

#### **Features**

- Rugged aluminum die cast
- Ample wiring space and terminal block that prevents dropoff of screws
- · Outdoor installation type (drip-proof structure equivalent
- Easily viewable display (150% larger than conventional models)
- · All operations can be performed from front screen keys
- Self-diagnosis function and full range of other functions
- Free range settings for transmission output
- Calibration history memory
- The unique dăta calling of the detector allows measurement without instrumental error
- · User-friendly key sheet





# **HU-200TB Turbidity meter(Overview-2)**

#### **Power Source**

This instrument has a power switch.

The power source is a free power source with a rated voltage of AC100-240 V.

### **Contact Output**

Three contact outputs are included as a standard feature.

The contact capacity is a maximum resistance value load of AC250V and 3A or DC30V and 3A.

## **Transmission Output**

· One transmission output (DC 4-20mA) is included.

Maximum load resistance 900Ω.

## Measuring Principle

Two LED light sources are used. While these flash alternately, the two detectors alternately detect transmitted light and scattered light.

While Light Source L1 flashes, D1 detects transmitted light and D2 detects scattered light. While Light Source L2 flashes, D1 detects scattered light and D2 detects transmitted light.

Flashing the light sources and extracting the difference between the lit and unlit signal cancels out influences from light in the surrounding area.

The obtainable signals are defined as follows.

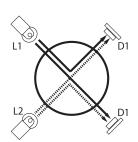
Signal	Туре	Light source	Detector
T1	Transmitted light	L1	D1
S1	Scattered light	L1	D2
T2	Transmitted light	L2	D2
52	Scattered light	L2	D1

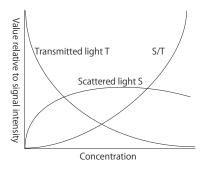
\$1/T1 and \$2/T2 are calculated from the obtainable signals. These values are then multiplied and the square root of the

product is found.  $S/T = (S1/T1 \times S2/T2)^{1/2}$  This S/T value cancels out light source fluctuations, detector fluctuations, and light attenuation caused by local impurities.

The S/T value of zero water measurements is remembered as SO/TO.

As (S/T - S0/T0) is a relative value, multiply by factor  $\alpha$  to find a standard function value corresponding to the turbidity value when performing span calibration.





## **HU-200TB Turbidity meter(Overview-3)**

#### Calibration

The following is an overview of calibration methods to maintain accuracy.

Zero calibration

Zero calibration is an operation to make the clear water value zero.

The following calibration methods are recommended according to the level of turbidity.

If measuring water with low turbidity, such as tap water or pool water, it is difficult to store and calibrate zero water due to turbidity caused by air bubbles and deposits on the walls. Therefore, the recommended method is to perform zero calibration with a continuous flow of zero water filtered with an ultra filter.

Continuously run zero water and check that the indication has stabilized, then perform zero calibration when the turbidity value is at its lowest. If measuring water with a turbidity of 10 degrees or higher, such as drain water, water with the quality level of tap water can be used as zero water.

Store the zero water in the turbidity detector and check that the indication is stable, then perform zero calibration. Any impurities on the inside of the detector need to be cleaned off with a sponge, etc.

-Caution-

- · Zero calibration cannot be performed with air inside the
- · Take care to ensure that air bubbles do not form when running zero water.
- Impurities in the pipeline may cause turbidity to increase.
- If a sample has a high salinity, filtered water with the same salinity may need to be used as zero water.

Span calibration

A standard turbidity agent needs to be selected before

span calibration.

Conventional standard turbidity agents are refined Kaolin powder and Formazin. Polystyrene Latex (PSL) is used for tap water. Purchase these standard turbidity agents commercially or use those supplied as supplementary goods by HORIBA. An optional span calibration bottle is also available for span calibrations. Using the span calibration bottle makes it possible to obtain an alternative calibration bottle makes it possible to obtain an alternative signal to standard liquid simply by shaking the bottle firmly before attaching it.

However, it is not possible to perform span calibration simply by placing liquid with a known turbidity in the span calibration bottle and using the known turbidity

value for calibration.

If using the span calibration bottle, first calibrate the turbidity meter with a standard turbidity agent before attaching the span calibration bottle. Verify the measured value displayed at this time and perform operations according to this value in subsequent span calibrations.

The liquid in the span calibration bottle consists of refined Kaolin and small amounts of a dispersant (sodium pyrophosphate) and a sterilizing agent (hydrogen pěroxide).

Attach the span calibration bottle in the zero water.

The value of the span calibration bottle needs to be reverified every year, as it is not constant.

Use a standard liquid with a turbidity of 2 degrees or

higher for turbidity span calibrations.

A wide margin of error may occur if the standard liquid is near the zero point.

-Caution-

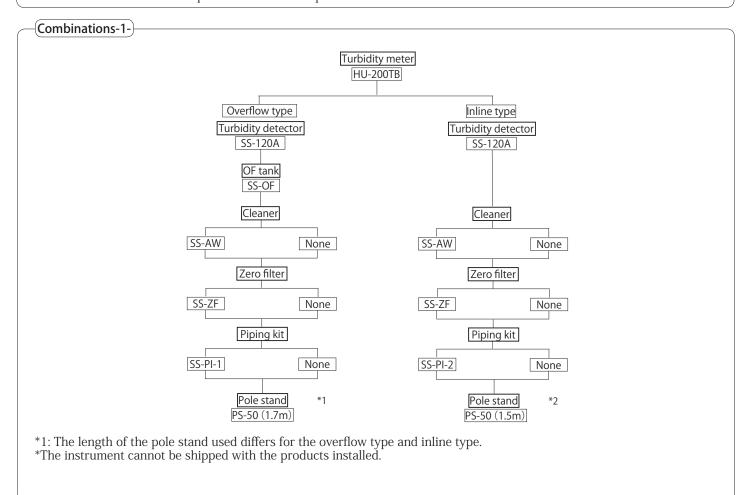
Attach the span calibration bottle in the middle of the zero

water.Calibration is not possible in air.
The proper turbidity for the span calibration liquid solution is 0.3-0.9x the measurement range.

 Before span calibration, thoroughly clean the inside of the cell and rinse with clean water.

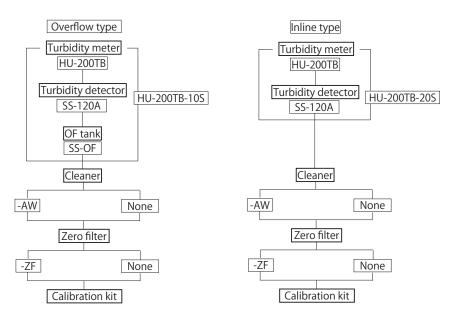
# **HU-200TB Turbidity meter(Combinations-1)**

Below are combinations suitable for the specifications of products such as the converter and detector. Refer to the section on each product for detailed specifications.



# **HU-200TB Turbidity meter(Combinations-2)**

# Combinations-2- (Stand type)



- \*: The turbidity meter, turbidity sensor, etc. are attached to the stand before shipping.
- \*: The required piping between instruments is completed before shipping.

## **Stand type Code**

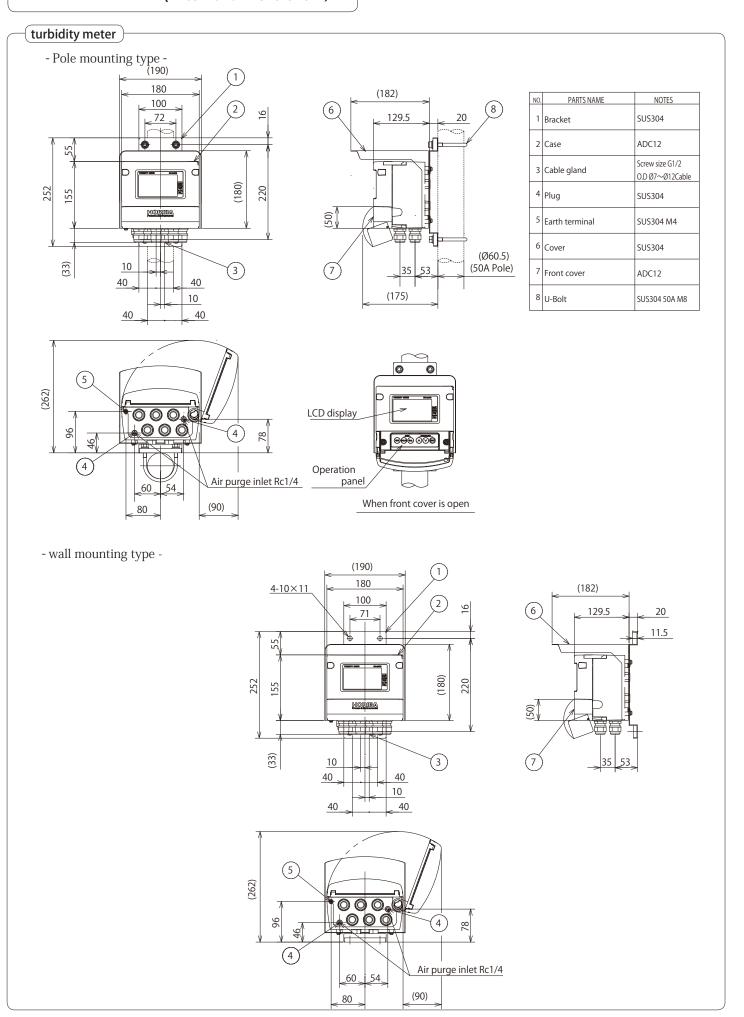
#### Overflow type

Model	Cleaner	Zero filter	Calibration agent	Notation	Special notes	Specifications
HU-200TB-10S	-AW					Cleaner included
	-0					Cleaner not included
		-ZF				Zero filter included
		-N3				Zero filter not included
			-0			Formazin (0-200)
			-FO			Formazin (special range)
			-KA			Kaolin
			-PSL			PSL
				-		Japanese notations and manual
				-E		English notations and manual
			!		-	No special specifications
					-X6	Special notes included

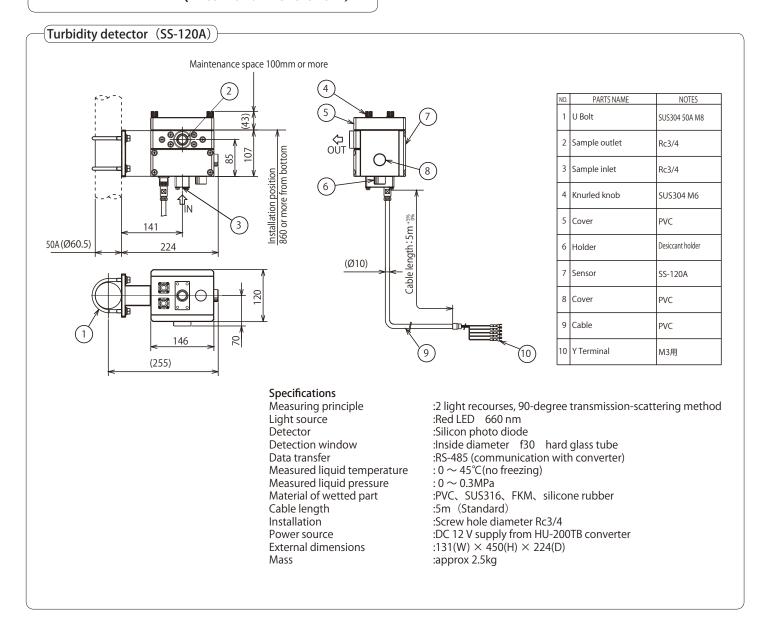
## Inline type

Model	Cleaner	Zero filter	Calibration agent	Notation	Special notes	Specifications
HU-200TB-20S	-AW					Cleaner included
	-0					Cleaner not included
		-ZF				Zero filter included
		-N3				Zero filter not included
			-0			Formazin (0-200)
			-FO			Formazin (special range)
			-KA			Kaolin
			-PSL			PSL
				-		Japanese notations and manual
				-E		English notations and manual
					-	No special specifications
					-X6	Special notes included

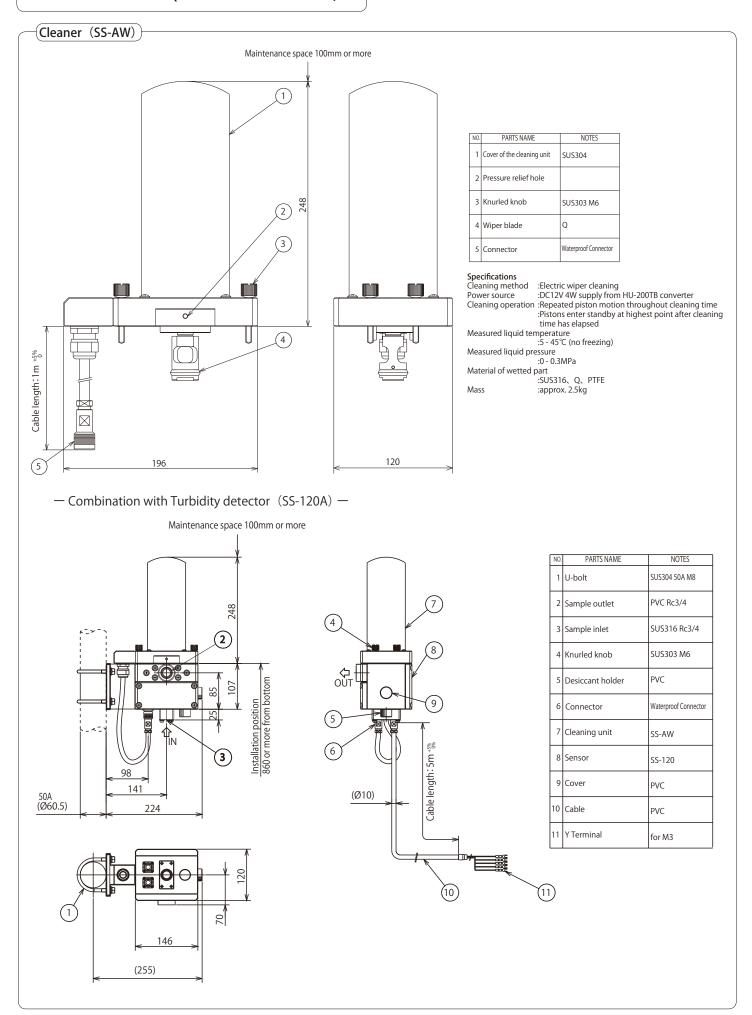
# HU-200TB Turbidity meter (External dimensions-1)



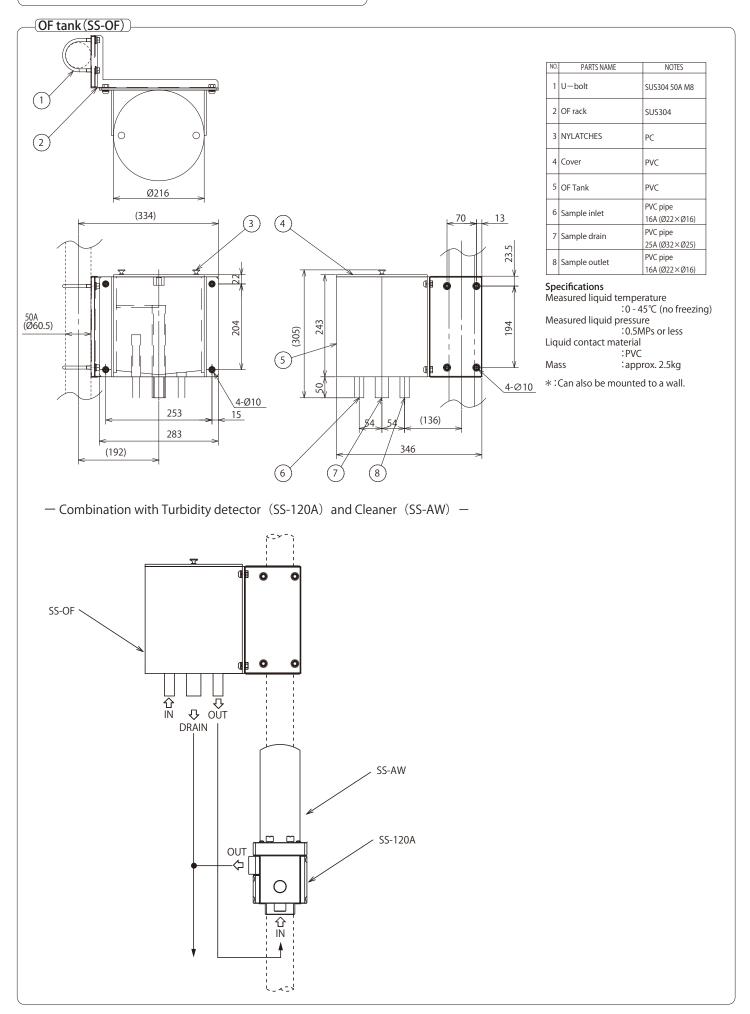
# HU-200TB Turbidity meter (External dimensions-2)



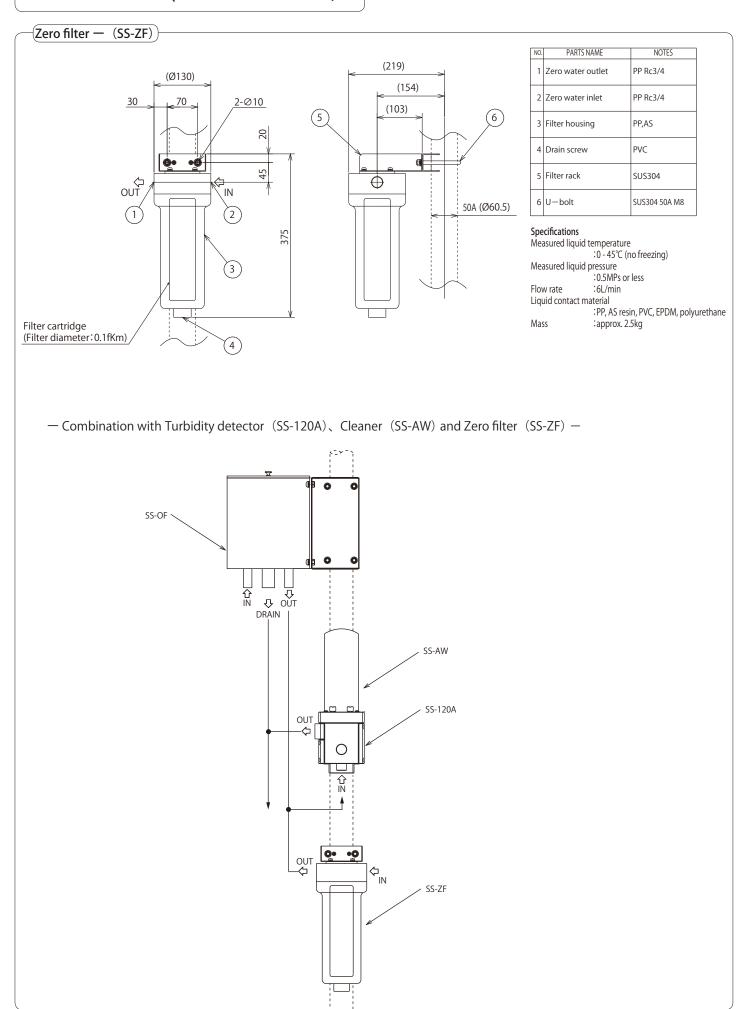
# HU-200TB Turbidity meter (External dimensions-3)



# HU-200TB Turbidity meter (External dimensions-4)



# HU-200TB Turbidity meter (External dimensions-5)



# HU-200TB Turbidity meter (External dimensions-6)

# (Piping kit (SS-PI-1/SS-PI-2) — Piping kit (SS-PI-1) — for overflow type No. OF tank (SS-OF)

1	Ball valve	Nominal diameter: 16A TS socket type	5
2	Ball valve	Nominal diameter: 13A TS socket type	1
3	Elbow	Nominal diameter: 16A Material: PVC	2
4	Prefab joint	PVCNominal diameter: 16A Material: PVC	1
5	Hose nipple	Hose diameter: $\phi$ 19 Material: PVC	2
6	Pipe socket	Rc3/4 Nominal pipe diameter: 16A Material: PVC	2
7	Tee	Nominal diameter: 16A TS socket type Nominal pipe diameter: 13A Material: PVC	1
8	Pipe	VP 16A (0.5m) Material: PVC	2

Hose diameter:  $\phi$  19\*26 Material: PVC

Wire type Material: SUS304

Description

Name

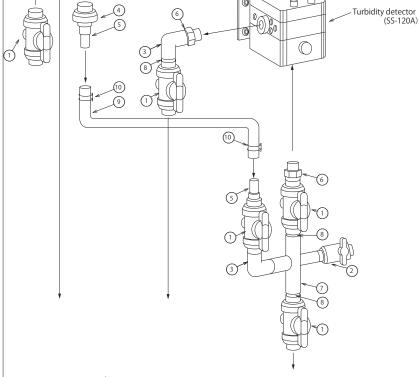
9 Blade hose

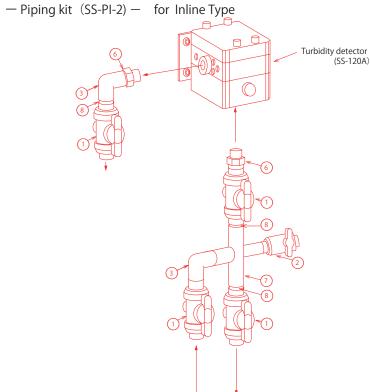
10 Hose band

Quantity

2m

2



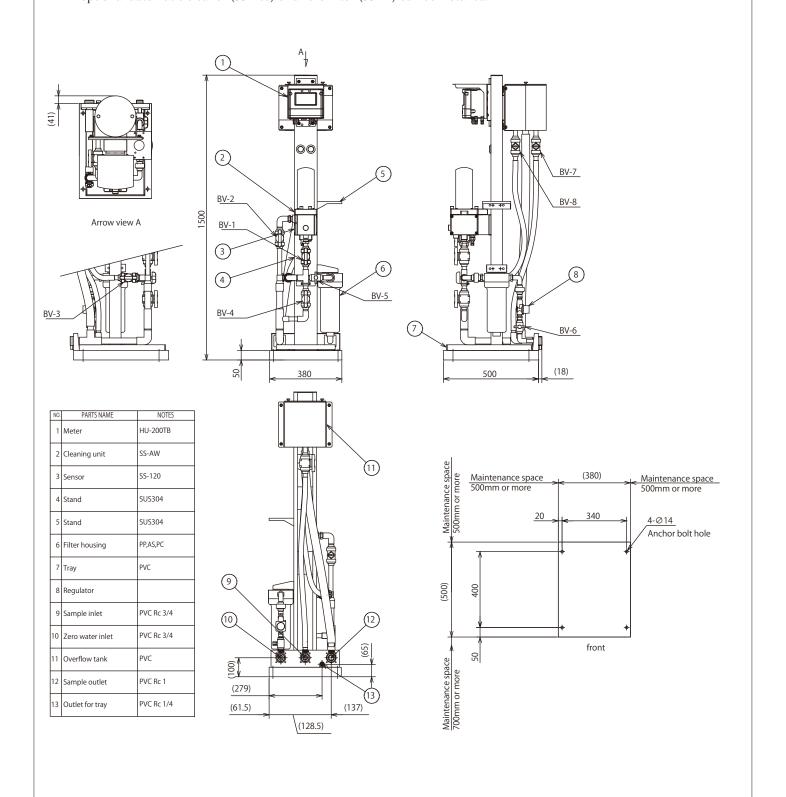


No.	Name	Description	Quantity
1	Ball valve	Nominal diameter: 16A TS socket type	4
2	Ball valve	Nominal diameter: 13A TS socket type	1
3	Elbow	Nominal diameter: 16A Material: PVC	2
6	Prefab joint	PVCNominal diameter: 16A Material: PVC	2
7	Tee	Nominal diameter: 16A TS socket type Nominal pipe diameter: 13A Material: PVC	1
8	Pipe	VP 16A (0.5m) Material: PVC	2

# HU-200TB Turbidity meter (External dimensions-6)

## Stand type (Overflow type: HU-200TB-10S-AW-ZF-0)

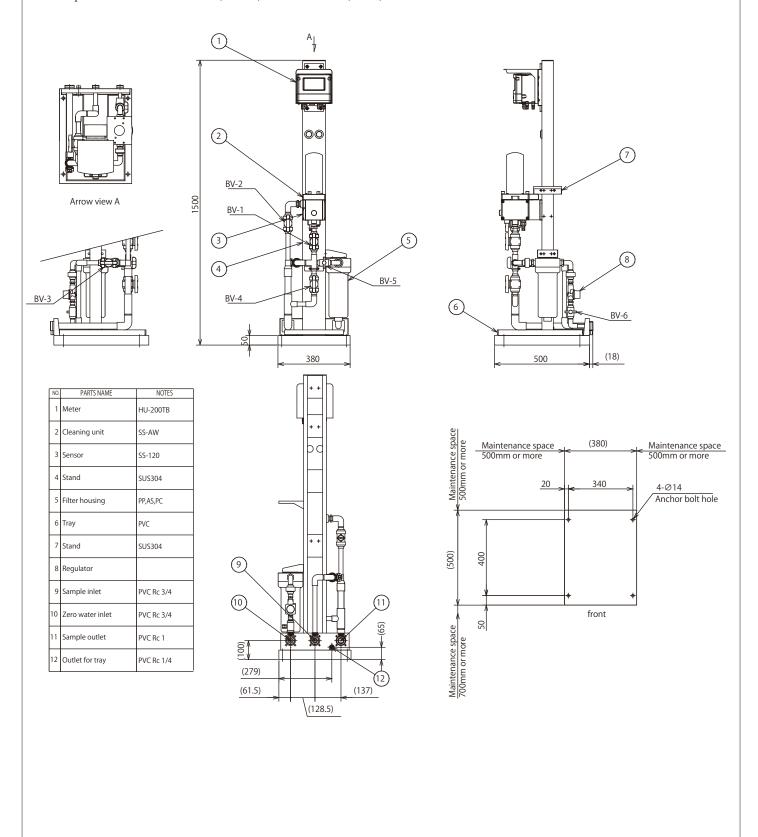
- The converter (HU-200TB), detector (SS-120A) and piping of this instrument type are attached to the stand.
- This sampling flow system measures using the fixed head overflow method.
- · An optional automatic cleaner (SS-AW) and zero filter (SS-ZF) can be installed.



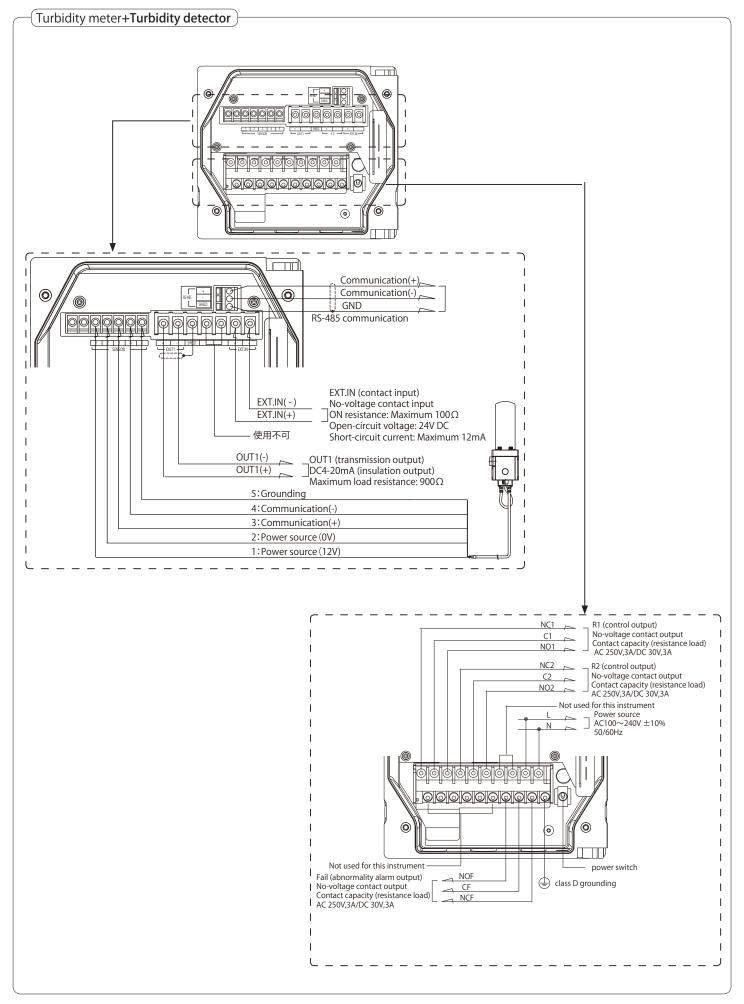
# HU-200TB Turbidity meter (External dimensions-7)

# Stand type (Inline type: HU-200TB-20S-AW-ZF-0)

- · The converter (HU-200TB), detector (SS-120A) and piping of this instrument type are attached to the
- This sampling flow system measures while applying sample pressure to the detector (SS-120) An optional automatic cleaner (SS-AW) and zero filter (SS-ZF) can be installed.



# HU-200TB Turbidity meter (External Connection Diagram)



# **HU-200TB Turbidity meter(Specifications-1)**

# Specifications-1- (Meter)

Product name	Industria	l turbidity ma	tor	
	Industrial turbidity meter HU-200TB industrial-use turbidity converter			
Converter type				mverter
Detector type	SS-120 turbidity detector			
Measurable range	Kaolin			0 to 500 degrees (Display range: 0 to 1100 degrees)
				0 to 1000 degrees (Display range: 0 to 1100 degrees)
<u> </u>	PSL			0 to 100 degrees (Display range: 0 to 125 degrees)
Transmission output setting	Kaolin			Arbitrary setting within the range from 0 to 1 degrees to 0 to 500
range	Formazir	1		Arbitrary setting within the range from 0 to 1 degrees to 0 to 1000
5. 1	PSL	(0 : 40 L		Arbitrary setting within the range from 0 to 1 degrees to 0 to 100
Display resolution	Decimal	. ,	egree range) degree range) degree range nge or autom	atic range changeable selectable
Performance	Repeatal	oility		Within readings $\pm$ 2% or $\pm$ 0.04 degrees, whichever is larger (Depend on span calibration jigs)
	Linearity			The deviation at the mid-range point of span calibration values is within a calibration value $\pm$ 2% or $\pm$ 0.04 degrees, whichever is larger.
Transmission		of output poi	nts	1
output	Output t	<u> </u>		DC 4 to 20 mA, input/output insulation type
	Load resi			900 Ω maximum
	Linearity			Within $\pm$ 0.08 mA (for output only)
	Repeatal			Within $\pm$ 0.02 mA (for output only)
	Error out			With the burnout capability (3.8 mA or 21 mA)
	Hold cap	ability		Either the last value hold or the arbitrary value hold is to be selected.
Contact output	Number	of output poi	nts	3
	Output t	ype		No-voltage contact output
	Contact	type		Relay contact, SPDT (1c)
	Contact	capacity		250 V AC, 3 A, 30 VDC, 3 A (resistance load)
	Contact capability	R1, R2	Selectable from upper limit alarm, lower limit alarm, transmission output Hold, and cleaning output. (opened at alarm operation, closed usually, closed at power-off)	
			FAIL	Error warning (normally closed; open when an error occurs; open when the power is turned OFF)
		on of alarm		Setting range: Turbidity, within measuring rangeDelay time: 0 s to 600 s
Contact input		of input point	īS .	1
	Contact	/!		No-voltage a contact for open collector
	Conditio	n		ON resistance: 100 Ω maximum Open-circuit voltage: 24 V DC Short-circuit current: 12 mA DC maximum
	Contact	capability		Can be selected from cleaning directives and transmission hold.
Communication		, ,		RS-485
capability	Signal ty	pe		Two-wire input/output insulation type (not insulated from transmission output)
Calibration		on method		Zero calibration: by filtered clean water Span calibration: Turbidity adjustment method by coefficient input
	<del></del>	ble standards	ubstances	Kaolin, Formazin, PSL
Cleaning function	Cleaning			Electric wiper type (executes cleaning operation by communications with the converter)
	Setting	Cleaning free		0.1 h to 168.0 h
		Cleaning time	e	20 s to 600 s
		Hold time		60 s to 600 s
Self-check	Sensor cl	heck error		Sensor error
	Converte	er error		CPU abnormality, ADC abnormality, memory abnormality
Operating temperature range	-20℃ to	55℃ (without	freezing)	
range			to 90% (witho	out due condensation)
Storage	-25°C to	65°C		
temperature	Dower supply voltes as a reserve			90 V to 264 V AC, 50/60 Hz
temperature Power source	Power su	ipply voltage	range	
temperature		ipply voltage insumption	range	35 VA (max.) when an automatic cleaner is connected.
temperature			range	

# **HU-200TB Turbidity meter(Specifications-2)**

## (Specifications-2- (Meter)

Applicable standards	CE marking		EMC Directives (2004/108/EC) EN61326-1:2006		
standards			Low Voltage Directives (2006/95/EC) EN61010 -1:2001		
	EMC	Immunity	Electrostatic discharge	IEC61000-4-2	
		Industrial location	Electromagnetic radiation radio frequency field	IEC61000-4-3	
			Electric fast transient/burst	IEC61000-4-4	
			Serge	IEC61000-4-5 (*1)	
			Conduction obstruction induced by radio frequency	IEC61000-4-6	
			Voltage dip, short time blackout, voltage variation	IEC61000-4-11	
		Emission Class A	Radiation obstruction	CISPR 11 CLASS A	
			Noise terminal voltage	CISPR 11 CLASS A	
	low vo	oltage	Pollution degree 2		
	FCC rules		Part15 CLASS A		
Structure	Installation		Outdoor installation type		
	Installation m	nethod	50 A pole-mounted or wall-mounted		
	Protection cla	ass	IP65		
	Material of ca	ise	Aluminum alloy (coated with epoxy modified melamine resin)		
	Material of m	ounting brackets	SUS304		
	Material of ho	boc	SUS304 (epoxy glue degeneration melamine resin painting)		
Material of display window Display element		splay window	Polycarbonate		
		ent	Reflective monochrome LCD		
External dimensi	ons 180 (W) x 155	5 (H) x 115 (D) mm (e	xcluding brackets)		
Mass	Mainframe: approx. 3.5 kg, hood, bracket: approx. 1 kg				

## (Specifications (Detector))

Product name	Industrial-use turbidity detector
Model	SS-120
Measuring principle	2 light sources, 90-degree transmission-scattering method
Light source	Light source
Detector	Silicon photo diode
Detection window	Inside diameter: 30 mm, hard glass tube
Data transfer	RS-485 (communication with converter)
Measured liquid	
temperature	5° C to 45° C (without freezing)
Measured liquid	
pressure	0 MPa to 0.3 MPa
Material of wetted	
part	PVC SUS316 FKM silicone rubber hard glass EPDM
Cable length	Standard attachment cable: 5 m
Installation	Screwing in bore size: Rc3/4
Power source	12 V DC supplied from HU-200TB converter
External dimensions	131 (W) mm × 450 (H) mm × 224 (D) mm
Mass	Mainframe: approx. 3.5 kg cleaner: 2.5 kg

#### (Specifications (Cleaner))

Product name	Automatic cleaner
Cleaning method	Electric wiper
Power source	12 V DC, 4 W supplied from HU-200TB converter
	Repeats the piston operation during cleaning time. Stands by at the uppermost point after cleaning time.
Cleaning directive	Operates by directives from the converter through communications.

<sup>\*1:</sup> A surge test specified in EMC Directive for CE Marking shall not apply to the case when a sensor cable, a transmission cable, or a contact input cable is extended for 30 m or longer.
\*2: An arrester (electric discharge voltage: 400 V) is provided for transmission output, contact input, and communications. However, incorporate and use an optimal surge absorber on the connected line according to ambient environment, equipment installation situations, and externally connected equipment, etc.

<sup>\*3:</sup> The cleaning time required for one cleaning changes depending on the pressure of the sample water.
The cleaning time is about 30 s under the conditions of ambient air relief on the outlet side without pressure of sample water.

## **HU-200TB Turbidity meter(Specifications-3)**

#### **Power Source**

 $\bullet$  The power source is a free power source with a rated voltage of AC100-240 V.

· Check the voltage of the power source, as operating at a voltage outside the rated range causes malfunction.

 Also, check that the range of fluctuations in supply voltage does not exceed  $\pm$  10%.

· This instrument has a power switch

#### Main Specifications

• The contact output terminal screws are M4 screws.

• The wire size is 0.75-5.5 mm2 (AWG18-10).

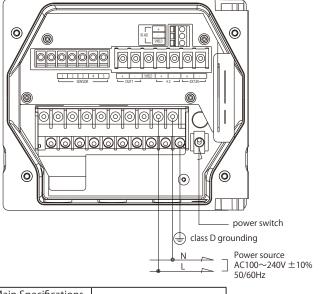
Crimping	Wire size	Torque
MAX8 MAX4.7 MAX8.5	5.5mm <sup>2</sup> /MAX (AWG10)	1.2∼1.8 N·m

 Install the power switch near the instrument and ensure that the power source can be turned on and off.

 Install arresters on the output side and receiving instrument side of the instrument if there is a risk that it will be struck by lightning.

• For safety reasons, be sure to ground the earth terminal (class D grounding)

· Ground separately from electrical equipment such as the



Main Specifications	
Power Source	AC100~240V 50/60Hz
Power consumption	35VA(Max)
Terminal screws	M4
Wire <b>size</b>	0.75~5.5mm <sup>2</sup> (AWG18~10)

### **Transmission Output**

One transmission output (DC 4-20mA) is included.

· If desired, a full-scale transmission output range can be set, as long as it is within the full scale setting range of the measured values.

 Also, set a burnout (transmission output: 3.8mA or 21mA). It is possible to set whether to temporarily hold the output value at the last value or a preset value when holding the transmission output during an external signal.

#### Main Specifications

• The transmission output terminal screws are M3.5 screws.

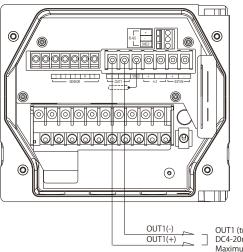
• The wire size is 2mm<sup>2</sup> (AWG14) max.

Crimping	Wire size	Torque
MAX6.2 MAX3.6	2mm²/MAX	0.8∼1.2
M3.5 MAX7.2	(AWG14)	N·m

· Use a twist pair shielded cable.

 Install arresters on the output side and receiving instrument side of the instrument if there is a risk that it will be struck by lightning.

· Make sure that the maximum resistance of the contact input is  $100 \Omega$  or less.



OUT1 (transmission output:) DC4-20mA (insulation output) Maximum load resistance:  $900\Omega$ 

Main Specifications	
Transmission Output	DC 4 ∼ 20mA
Maximum load resistance	900Ω
Terminal screws	M3.5
Wire <b>size</b>	2mm <sup>2</sup> (AWG14)

## **HU-200TB Turbidity meter(Specifications-4)**

#### **Contact Output**

Three contact outputs are included as a standard feature.

• The instrument includes contact outputs such as upper and lower limit alarms, error warnings and transmission output holds.

Main Specifications

- The contact capacity is a maximum resistance value load of AC250V and 3A or DC30V and 3A.
- The contact output terminal screws are M4 screws.

• The wire size is 0.75-5.5 mm2 (AWG18-10).

Crimping	Wire size	Torque
MAX8 MAX4.7 MAX8.5	5.5mm <sup>2</sup> /MAX (AWG10)	1.2∼1.8 N·m

Use a varistor or noise killer if noise occurs in the load.
 The NO and NC arrangement is reversed only in the case of fail output. For normal (non-fail) output, the CF-NOF contact is open and the CF-NCF contact is shorted. The

C-NOF contact is shorted when the power is off.
• If connecting a load higher than the contact capacity or an inductive load (such as a motor or pump), be sure to connect the load through a power relay with a rating higher than that of the load.

• Take care when connecting a load, as the C-NC contact of R1-R2 is shorted when the power source of this instrument is off.

Main Specifications	
Contact capacity	Maximum of AC250V and 3A or DC30V and 3 A.
Alarm types	Concentration alarm output     Hold output     Fail output, CLu output
Terminal screws	M4
Wire size	0.75~5.5mm <sup>2</sup> (AWG18~10)

AL: Alarm output

This is output (turned on) and an alarm is activated after a delay period when the measured value is higher than the set value. The output immediately stops (is turned off) and the alarm is canceled when the measured value falls below the set value. The output delay time can be configured (0-600 seconds).(The above refers to upper limit operation. The reverse occurs in lower limit operation.)

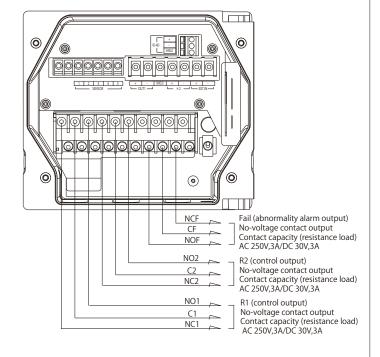
HoLd: Holding output

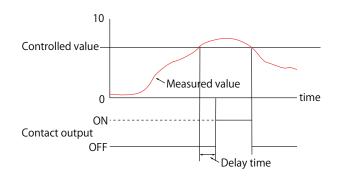
This is output (turned on) after a delay period when the measured value is held. The output immediately stops (is turned off) when the hold is released. The output delay time can be configured (0-600 seconds).

CLn: Cleaning output

A five-second contact signal is output (turned on) when the cleaner is in operation and when it stops.

Output when over full scale or in the event of a system error. Activated in cases such as an error in the instrument.





# **HU-200TB Turbidity meter(Specifications-5)**

## Contact Input

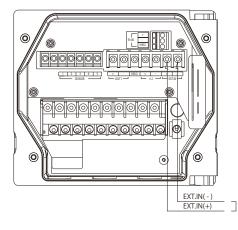
A contact input is included as a standard feature. The cleaner can be operated by an external signal.

Main Specifications

- The contact input terminal screws are M3.5 screws.
- The wire size is 0.14-2.5mm (AWG 26-AWG 14).

Crimping	Wire size	Torque
MAX6.2 MAX3.6	2mm²/MAX	0.8∼1.2
M3.5 MAX7.2	(AWG14)	N·m

- · Use a twist pair shielded cable. Install arresters on the output side and receiving instrument side of the instrument if there is a risk that it will be struck by lightning
- · Make sure that the maximum resistance of the contact input is  $100 \Omega$  or less.



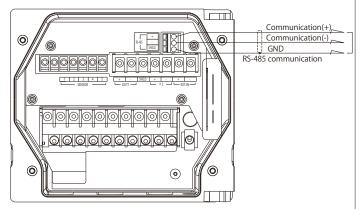
EXT.IN (contact input) No-voltage contact input ON resistance: Maximum 100Ω Open-circuit voltage: 24V DC Short-circuit current: Maximum 12mA

Main Specifications	
Contact input resistance	100 Ω or less
Terminal screws	M3.5
Wire size	0.14~2.5mm <sup>2</sup> (AWG26~14)

#### RS-485

- This instrument includes the RS-485 communication
- terminal.Connect the wiring before using.
   The wire size is 0.14-2.5mm (AWG 26-14).</885>
- Use a twist pair shielded cable for the communication output cable.
- Up to 32 terminals can be connected including the host computer.Set an address.
- The maximum cable length of the communication cable is
- Provide termination resistance (Rt: 120  $\Omega$  ) for instrument that is the terminus of the RS-485 communication line.

Crimping	Wire size	Torque
111	0.14~2.5mm <sup>2</sup> (AWG26~14)	0.5∼0.6 N·m



	Baud rate	19200bps
communication conditions	Character length	8bit
Conditions	ParityParity	non
	Stop bit	1bit

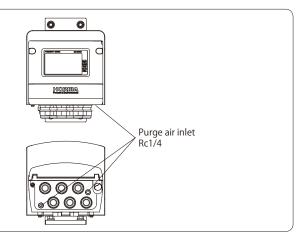
Host computer  $\Theta$ 

Example of external communication connection

This instrument: RS-485 (communication output)

#### Air Purge

• There is a purge air inlet to prevent internal corrosion. If using in an environment with corrosive gas, instrumentation air is constantly passed through the instrument, preventing the corrosive gas from entering the instrument.



# **HU-200TB Turbidity meter(Specifications-6)**

### Detector

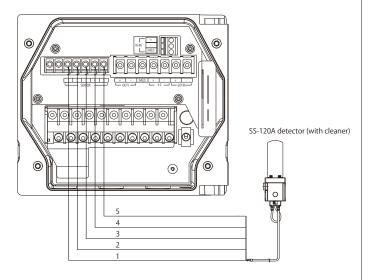
• Do not allow the detector cable terminal and terminal block to come into contact with liquids such as water or soil them with finger marks or oil from hands. This decreases insulation.

A decrease in insulation causes indication to become unstable, Be sure to keep dry and clean. If soiled, wipe with

alcohol etc. and dry well.

• Do not wire the detector cable or relay cable near equipment that supplies induction to parts such as the motor or the power cable of this equipment.

Crimping	Wire size	Torque
MAX6.5 MAX3.2 MAX6.2	1.25mm <sup>2</sup> /MAX (AWG16)	0.8N•m



Detector	1 : Power terminal (+12V)
	2: Power terminal ( 0V)
	3: Communication terminal (+)
	4: Communication terminal (-)
	5: Grounding

**Turbidity Detector Specifications** 

Product name	Industrial-use turbidity detector	
Model	SS-120A	
Measuring principle	2 light recourses, 90-degree transmission- scattering method	
Light source	Red LED 660 nm	
Detector	Silicon photo diode	
Detection window	Inside diameter f30 hard glass tube	
Data transfer	RS-485 (communication with converter)	
Measured liquid temperature	5 - 45°C (no freezing)	
Measured liquid pressure	0-0.3 MPa	
Material of wetted part	PVC SUS316 FKM silicone rubber	
Cable length	Standard provided cable:5 m	
Installation	Screw hole diameter:Rc3/4	
Power source	DC 12 V supply from HU-200TB converter	
External dimensions	131(W) × 450(H) × 224(D)	
Mass	Main unit: approx. 3.5kg	

Cleaner Specific	ations
Product name	Cleaning unit for detector of industrial turbidity mete
Model	SS-AW
Cleaning method	Electric wiper cleaning
Power source	DC12V 4W supply from HU-200TB converter
Cleaning	Repeated piston motion throughout cleaning time

operation Pistons enter standby at highest point after cleaning time has elapsed Measured liquid 5 - 45°C (no freezing) temperature Mass Main unit: approx. 2.5kg

# **HU-200TB Turbidity meter(Installation-1)**

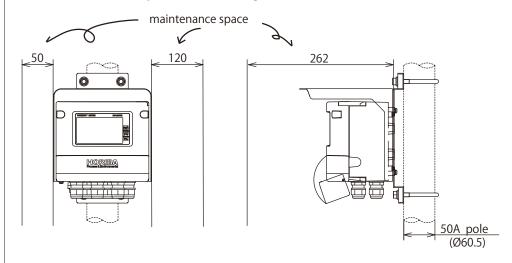
## Converter

The following installation (mounting) uses the standard specifications.

• The main unit can be mounted to a pole or a wall.

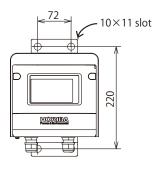
#### -mounted to a pole-

Consider maintenance space when installing.



#### -mounted to a pole or a wall-

Consider maintenance space when installing.

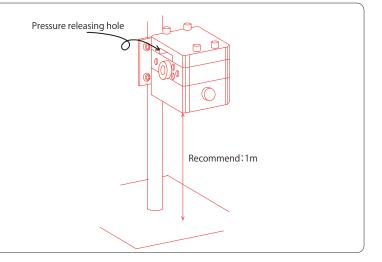


# Detector

Mount to a 2 inch (50 A) pipe using the supplied U-bolt. Can also be mounted to a wall.)

Installing the detector (SS-120A) at a height of approximately 1 m makes operation easier. Mount the (optional) stand for temporarily placing the (optional) cleaner when it is removed at the top of the same

pipe.
Small droplets will fall from the pressure releasing hole of the cleaner. Guide these to a suitable place using a tube.

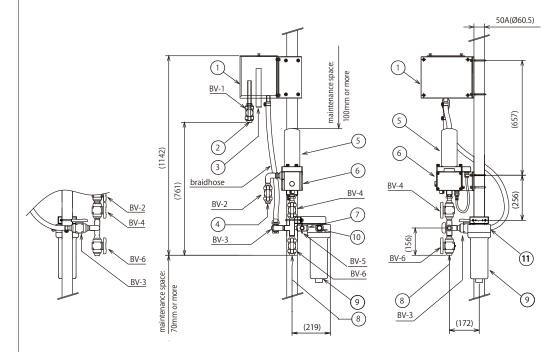


# **HU-200TB Turbidity meter(Installation-2)**

## Overflow type

This sampling flow system measures using the fixed head overflow method.

- · Zero calibration can be performed by stopping the sample water and running zero water (tap water) to the detector (SS-120A).
- If using tap water (as zero water), directly supplying tap water from the water supply is prohibited by the Supply Act. Insulate from the general supply pipe using equipment such as a tank unit for cleaning sensors. Also, use a heat-insulated pipe if there is a risk that the tap water will freeze.
   If there is a large number of air bubbles in the sample water line, install the piping so that the flow rate at the outlet of the sample line can be restricted.
   Tightening the valve on the sample water inlet side exercise small air bubbles in the sample Courties is required.
- •Tightening the valve on the sample water inlet side creates small air bubbles in the sample.Caution is required.
- Avoid installing in an area with large amounts of vibration.



NO.	PARTS NAME	NOTES
1	OF tank	SS-OF
2	Sample inlet	
3	Sample drain	
4	Sample outlet	
5	Cleaning unit	SS-AW
6	Sensor	SS-120A
7	Zero water inlet	
8	Sample / Zero water drain	
9	Filter	SS-ZF
10	Zero water outlet	
11	other tap water inlet	

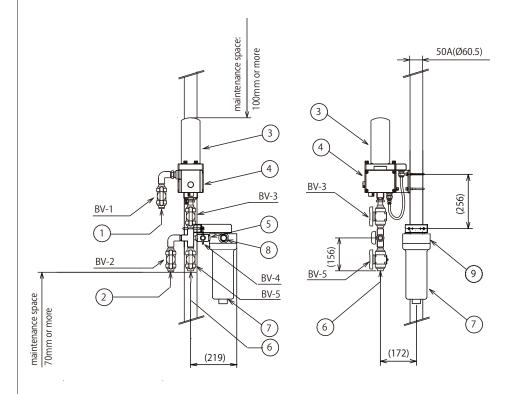
ı	NO.	PARTS NAME	NOTES	
	BV-1	Sample inlet	Prefab joint	
	BV-2	Sample outlet		
	BV-3	OF tank	PVC TS 16A	
	BV-4	Sample / Zero water		
ŀ	BV-5	Zero water inlet	Compact ball valve PVC TS 13A	
	BV-6	Sample / Zero water drain	Prefab joint PVC TS 16A	

# **HU-200TB Turbidity meter(Installation-3)**

## Inline type

This sampling flow system measures while applying sample pressure to the detector (SS-120A)

- · Zero calibration can be performed by stopping the sample water and running zero water (tap water) to the detector (SS-
- If using tap water (as zero water), directly supplying tap water from the water supply is prohibited by the Supply Act. Insulate from the general supply pipe using equipment such as a tank unit for cleaning sensors. Also, use a heat-insulated pipe if there is a risk that the tap water will freeze.
   If there is a large number of air bubbles in the sample water line, install the piping so that the flow rate at the outlet of
- the sample line can be restricted.
- •Tightening the valve on the sample water inlet side creates small air bubbles in the sample.Caution is required.
- Avoid installing in an area with large amounts of vibration.



NO.	PARTS NAME	NOTES
1	Sample outlet	
2	Sample inlet	
3	Cleaning unit	SS-AW
4	Sensor	SS-120A
5	Zero water inlet	
6	Sample / Zero water drain	
7	Filter	SS-ZF
8	Zero water outlet	
9	other tap water inlet	

NO.	PARTS NAME	NOTES	
BV-1	Sample / Zero water outlet		
BV-2	Sample inlet	Prefab joint PVC TS 16A	
BV-3	Sample / Zero water inlet		
BV-4	Zero water inlet	Compact ball valve PVC TS 13A	
BV-5	Sample / Zero water drain	Prefab joint PVC TS 16A	

# **HU-200TB Turbidity meter(Installation-4)**

#### Power Source

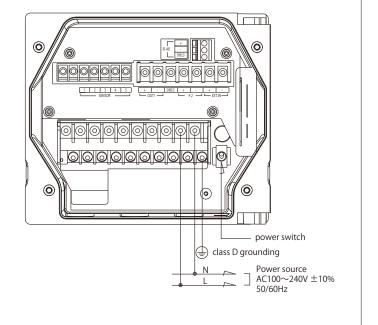
- The power source is a free power source with a rated voltage of AC100-240 V.
- Check the voltage of the power source, as operating at a voltage outside the rated range causes malfunction.

  Also, check that the range of fluctuations in supply voltage
- does not exceed  $\pm$  10%.
- This instrument has a power switch

#### Main Specifications

- The contact output terminal screws are M4 screws.
- The wire size is 0.75-5.5 mm2 (AWG18-10).
- · Install the power switch near the instrument and ensure that the power source can be turned on and off.
- Install arresters on the output side and receiving instrument side of the instrument if there is a risk that it will be struck by lightning.
- For safety reasons, be sure to ground the earth terminal (class D grounding).
- Ground separately from electrical equipment such as the

Crimping	Wire size	Torque
MAX8 MAX4.7 MAX8.5	5.5mm <sup>2</sup> /MAX (AWG10)	1.2∼1.8 N·m



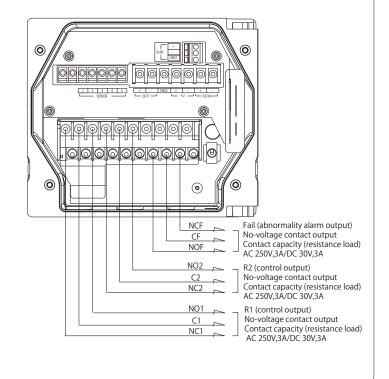
#### Contact Output

- Three contact outputs are included as a standard feature.
- The instrument includes contact outputs such as upper and lower limit alarms, error warnings and transmission output holds.

#### Main Specifications

- The contact capacity is a maximum resistance value load of AC250V and 3A or DC30V and 3A.
- The contact output terminal screws are M4 screws.
- The wire size is 0.75-5.5 mm2 (AWG18-10).
- Use a varistor or noise killer if noise occurs in the load.
- The NO and NC arrangement is reversed only in the case of fail output. For normal (non-fail) output, the CF-NOF contact is open and the CF-NCF contact is shorted. The C-NOF contact is shorted when the power is off.
- · If connecting a load higher than the contact capacity or an inductive load (such as a motor or pump), be sure to connect the load through a power relay with a rating higher than that of the load.
- Take care when connecting a load, as the C-NC contact of R1-R2 is shorted when the power source of this instrument is off.

Crimping	Wire size	Torque
MAX8 MAX4.7 MAX8.5	5.5mm <sup>2</sup> /MAX (AWG10)	1.2∼1.8 N·m



## **HU-200TB Turbidity meter(Installation-5)**

### **Transmission Output**

· One transmission output (DC 4-20mA) is included.

- If desired, a full-scale transmission output range can be set, as long as it is within the full scale setting range of the measured values.
- Also, set a burnout (transmission output: 3.8mA or 21mA). It is possible to set whether to temporarily hold the output value at the last value or a preset value when holding the transmission output during an external signal.

Main Specifications

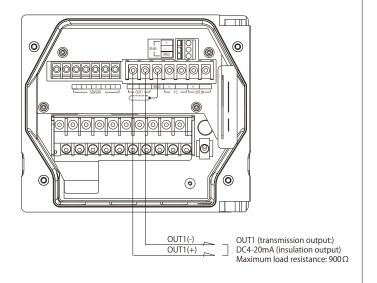
- The transmission output terminal screws are M3.5 screws.
- The wire size is 2mm<sup>2</sup> (AWG14) max.

· Use a twist pair shielded cable.

 Install arresters on the output side and receiving instrument side of the instrument if there is a risk that it will be struck by lightning.

· Make sure that the maximum resistance of the contact input is  $100 \Omega$  or less.

Crimping	Wire size	Torque
MAX6.2 MAX3.6 MAX7.2	2mm²/MAX (AWG14)	0.8∼1.2 N·m



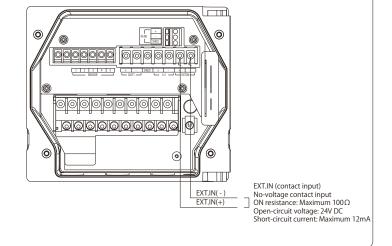
### Contact Input

A contact input is included as a standard feature. The cleaner can be operated by an external signal.

Main Specifications

- The contact input terminal screws are M3.5 screws.
- The wire size is 0.14-2.5mm (AWG 26-AWG 14).
- · Use a twist pair shielded cable. Install arresters on the output side and receiving instrument side of the instrument if there is a risk that it will be struck by lightning.
- Make sure that the maximum resistance of the contact input is  $100 \Omega$  or less.

Crimping	Wire size	Torque
MAX6.2 MAX3.6	2mm²/MAX	0.8∼1.2
M3.5 MAX7.2	(AWG14)	N·m



0

Communication(+), Communication(-)

GND

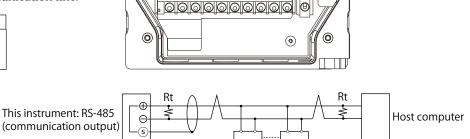
RS-485 communication

## RS-485

- This instrument includes the RS-485 communication terminal.Connect the wiring before using.
  • The wire size is 0.14-2.5mm (AWG 26-14).
- · Use a twist pair shielded cable for the communication output cable.
- · Up to 32 terminals can be connected including the host computer.Set an address.
- The maximum cable length of the communication cable is
- Provide termination resistance (Rt: 120  $\Omega$  ) for instrument that is the terminus of the RS-485 communication line.

Crimping	Wire size	Torque
111	0.14~2.5mm <sup>2</sup> (AWG26~14)	0.5∼0.6 N·m

Example of external communication connection



0

# **HU-200TB Turbidity meter(Installation-6)**

## Detector

· Do not allow the detector cable terminal and terminal block to come into contact with liquids such as water or soil them with finger marks or oil from hands. This decreases insulation.

A decrease in insulation causes indication to become unstable, Be sure to keep dry and clean. If soiled, wipe with alcohol etc. and dry well.

• Do not wire the detector cable or relay cable near equipment that supplies induction to parts such as the motor or the power cable of this equipment.

Crimping	Wire size	Torque
MAX6.5 MAX3.2 MAX6.2	1.25mm <sup>2</sup> /MAX (AWG16)	0.8N•m

